### **XL-SFH7015**

### 技术数据表 Technical Data Sheet

## 2008 贴片式二极管

# 特点 (Characteristics):

\* 外观尺寸(L/W/H):2.0\*0.8\*0.4mm

Outline Dimensions(L/w/h): 2.0\*0.8\*0.4mm

\* 环保产品,符合 ROHS 要求

Environmental protection products meet ROHS requirements

\* 湿气敏感性等级 (MSL):3级

Moisture sensitivity level (MSL): 3 levels

\* EIA 规范标准包装

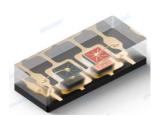
EIA standard packaging

\* 适用于 SMT 自动化贴片机

Suitable for SMT automatic production

\* 适用于回流焊制程

Suitable for reflow soldering process



模型图仅供参考

## 应用领域(product application):

\* 血氧检测

Blood oxygen detection

\* 心率监测

Heart rate monitoring

\* 脉搏检测

Pulse detection

\* 电子手表

electronic watch

\* 血氧仪

Pulse oximeter

\* 广泛应用于各类健康监测的电子产品

Electronics widely used in various health monitoring applications











# 局录

# Catalogue

电性参数
Electrical Characteristics
典型特性曲线
Typical Characteristic Curves
可靠性实验
Reliability Test Items And Conditions
外形尺寸
Outline Dimensions
<b>包装</b>
Packaging8
焊接指导
Guideline for Soldering9
使用注意事项
Precautions



# 电性参数

Electrical Characteristics

极限参数 (Ta=25℃) Absolute Maximum Rating(ta=25 ℃)

项目参数 Parameter	符号 Symbol	数值 Value	单位 Unit	
正向脉冲电流 (Pulse Forward Current)	IFP(R)	200	mA	
正问放行电视 (Fulse Folward Current)	IFP(IR)	200	IIIA	
五点中次 (Farmand Community)	IF(R)	50	4	
正向电流 (Forward Currentn)	IF(IR)	50	mA	
最大反向电压(Max Reverse Voltage)	VR	5	V	
工作环境(Operating Temperature Range)	TOPR	-40 ~ +85°C	°C	
储存温度(Storage Temperature Range)	TSTR	-40 ∼+100°C	°C	
焊接温度/时间(Lead Soldering Temperature/Time)	TSOL	260°C≤6S	/	

<sup>\*</sup>注: 脉冲宽度=0.5ms, 占空比=1/10

3

<sup>\*</sup> Note: Pulse Width=0.5ms, Duty=1/10



## 光电参数 (Ta=25°C) Optical-electrical parameter (ta=25 °C)

项目参数 Parameter	符号 Symbol	颜色 Color	最小值 Min.	典型值 Typ.	最大值 Max.	单位 Unit	测试条件 Test conditions									
反向电流	IR	红 Red	-	-	10	μA	VR=5									
Reverse Current		红外 IR	-	-	10	μΑ	VIC-3									
正向电压	T/II	红 Red	-	-	2.5	**	* 7	H- 20 A								
Forward Voltage	VF	红外 IR	-	-	1.7	V	IF=20mA									
峰值波长	λр	红 Red	655	660	665	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	nm	IF=20mA
Peak Wavelength	\ \wh	红外 IR	850	870	890	11111	II'—ZUIIIA									
半波宽度	4.0	红 Red	-	16	-					HT. 20						
Spectrum Radiation Bandwidth	Δλ	红外 IR	-	24	-	nm	IF=20mA									
光功率		红 Red	8.5	10.5	-											
Output Optical Power	PO	红外 IR	6	7.2	-	mw	IF=20mA									
光功率		红 Red	75	-	-	mw	200mA,1/10									
Output Optical Power	PO	红外 IR	50	-	-	111 **	Duty@200Hz									
半视角 Half Viewing Angle	θ1/2	-	-	±60	-	-	deg									

辐射强度偏差±15%; 压降偏差±0.1V; (X,Y)坐标偏差±0.01; 峰值波长偏差±1nm; 视角度偏差±10°

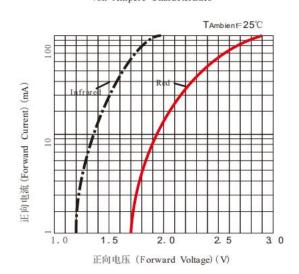
Tolerance on each Luminous Intensity bin is  $\pm$  15%; Tolerance on each Forward Voltage bin is  $\pm$  0.1V; Tolerance on each Hue(X,Y) bin is  $\pm$  0.01; Tolerance of Dominant Wavelength  $\pm$ 1nm; Tolerance of View Angle  $\pm$  10



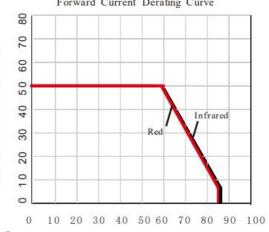
# 典型特性曲线

### Typical Characteristics Curves

伏安特性 Volt-Ampere Characteristics

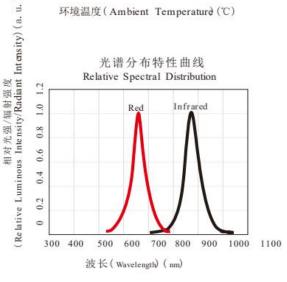


正向电流降额曲线 Forward Current Derating Curve

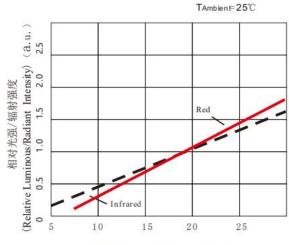


正向 电流(Forward Current) (mA)

环境温度(Ambient Temperature)(℃)

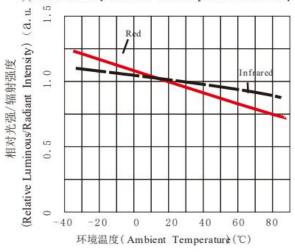


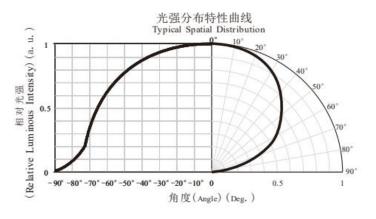
相对光强/辐射强度与正向电流特性 Relative Luminous/Radiant Intensity VS Forward Current



正向电流(Forward Curren) (mA)

### 相对光强/辐射强度与环境温度曲线 Intensity/ Radiant Intensity/s Ambient Temperature Luminous







# 可靠性试验

## Reliability Test Items And Conditions

实验项目	参考标准	实验条件	时间	样品数	判据
Test Items	Reference	Test Conditions	Time	Quantity	Criterion
可焊性	JESD22-B102	预处理: (155±5) ℃,8h;	1 次	22	0/22
Solderability	JESD22-B102	Tsol= $(260\pm5)$ °C, t=10s;	1 times		
耐焊接热		Tsol= $(260\pm5)$ °C, t=10s;	3 次		
Resistance to Soldering	JESD22-A106	过炉 3 次	3 times	22	0/22
Heat					
静电放电	JESD22-A114	HBM (250V, 500V,	正反各 3 次	6	0/6
ESD-HBM	JESD22-ATT4	1000V、2000V)	业风台 3 i人	U	0/0
高温贮存					
High Temperature	JESD22-A103	Ta=100°C	1000h	22	0/22
Storage					
低温贮存	JESD22-A119	Ta=-40°C	1000h	22	0/22
Low Temperature Storage	JESD22-A117	1a <del>1</del> 0 C	100011	22	0/22
冷热冲击	JESD22-A104	-40°C(30min)←→100°C(3	循环 300 次	22	0/22
Thermal Shock	JESD22-A104	0min)	300 cycles	22	0/22
高温高湿通电		T=85°C,RH=85%,			
High Temperature High	JESD22-A101	IF=5mA	1000h	22	0/22
Humidity		II-JIIIA			
高温通电	MIL-STD-750	T=85°C,IF=5mA	1000h	77	0/77
DC Operating Life	Method 1037	1-05 C, II-JIIA	100011	//	0///
高温高湿贮存	JESD22-A101	T=85°C,RH=85%	1000h	22	0/22
High Temperature Hig	JESD22-A101	1-05 C, KII-05/0	100011	22	0/22

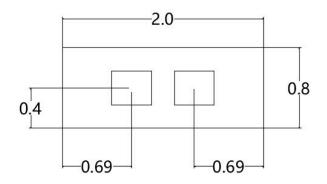
# 失效判断标准 (Criteria For Judging Damage)

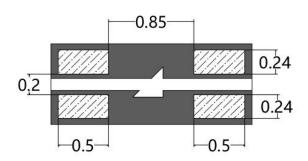
测试项目	符号	测试条件	判定标准	
Test Items	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria For Judging Damage	
正向电压 Forward Voltage	VF	IF= IFT	初始值±10% Initial Data±10%	
反向电流 Reverse Current	IR	VR= 5V	IR≤10μA	
耐焊接热	,	,	无死灯	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	/	/	No dead light	
可焊性 Solderability	/	/	零失效	
静电放电 ESD-HBM	ESD	VR= 5V	IR≤2μA	
光功率	D-	IE IET	Po 衰减≤50%	
Output Optical Power	Ро	IF = IFT	Po degradation≤50%	
峰值波长	) n	IF = IFT	初始值±5nm	
Peak Wavelength	λр	IF = IFI	Initial Data±5nm	



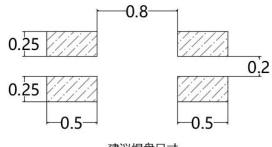
# 外形尺寸

### Outline Dimension

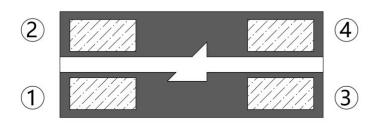


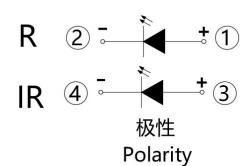






建议焊盘尺寸 Recommended Soldering Pattern





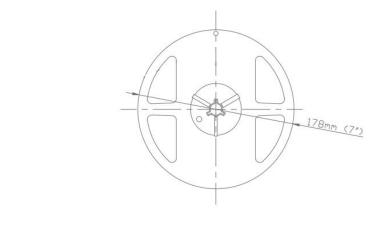
备注:未特别标注公差的尺寸公差均为±0.1mm Tolerance is ±0.1mm unless otherwise

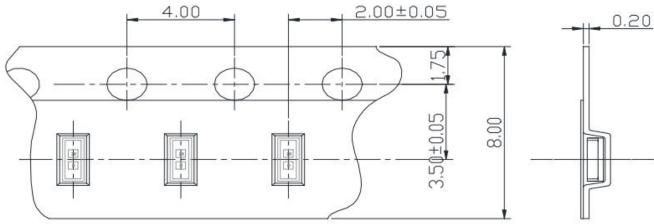


# 包装(1)

### Packaging (1)

### 载带与圆盘尺寸 Belt and disk dimensions

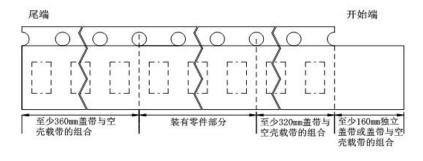


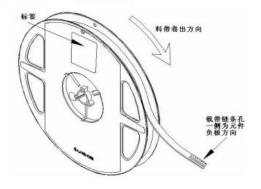


### 注:

- 1. 尺寸单位为毫米(mm)。
- 1. Size unit is mm (mm).
- 2. 尺寸公差是±0.1mm。
- 2. The dimensional tolerance is  $\pm 0.1$ mm.

### ♦ 圆盘及载带卷出方向及空穴规格 Disk and carrier belt direction of roll and hole dimensions



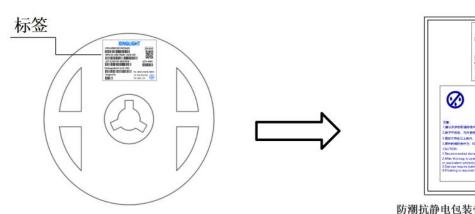




## 包装(2)

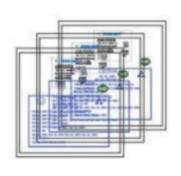
Packaging (2)

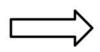
## ◇ 防潮抗静电包装 Moisture Proof and Antti-Electrostic Foil Bag





## ◇ 外包装箱 Cardboard Box







## ◇ 标签说明 Label Expantion

CPN: 批号/档位 LOT: 日期/封装颜色

MPN: 型号 VF: 电压代码

WL: 波长代码 IV: 亮度代码

ORIGIN: 产地 QTY: 数量

PACKAQE: 封装





## 焊接指导(1)

Guideline for Soldering (1)

#### 1. 使用烙铁人手焊接

#### **Hand Soldering**

只建议在修理和重工的情况下使用手工焊接;推荐使用功率低于 30W 的烙铁,焊接时烙铁的温度必须保 持在 300℃以下,且每个电极只能进行一次焊接,每次焊接的持续时间不得超过 3 秒。

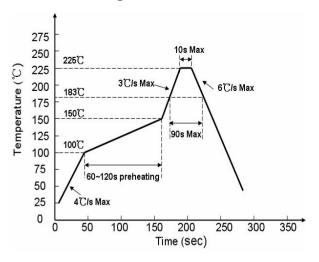
人手焊接过程中的不慎操作易引起 LED 产品的损坏,应当小心谨慎。

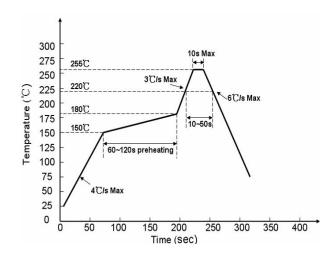
Manual welding is recommended only for repair and heavy industry situations. A soldering iron of less than 30W is recommended to be used in Hand Soldering. Please keep the temperature of the soldering iron under 300°C while soldering. Each terminal of the LED is to go for less than 3 second and for one time only.

Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand soldering.

2. 回流焊接: 推荐使用以下无铅回流焊接温度图进行。

**Reflow Soldering:** Use the conditions shown in the under Figure of Pb -Free Reflow Soldering.





有铅制程 Lead process

无铅制程 lead free

回流焊接最多只能进行两次。

Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.

在回流焊接升温过程中,请不要对 LED 施加任何压力。

Stress on the LEDs should be avoided during heating in soldering process.

在焊接完成后,待产品温度下降到室温之后,再进行其他处理。

After soldering, do not deal with the product before its temperature drop down to room temperature.

产品最佳的最高焊接温度建议控制在 240±5℃/6S

The recommended maximum welding temperature for the product is  $240 \pm 5$  °C/6s



## 焊接指导(2)

### Guideline for Soldering (2)

### 3. 清洗:

#### Cleaning

在焊接后推荐使用酒精进行清洗,在温度不高于 30℃的条件下持续 3 分钟, 不高于 50℃的条件下持续 30 秒。

使用其他类似溶剂清洗前,请先确认使用的溶剂不会对 LED 的封装和环氧树脂部分造成损伤。超声波清洗也是有效的方法,一般最大功率不应超过 300W,否则可能对 LED 造成损伤。请根据具体的 情况预先测试清洗条件是否会对 LED 造成损伤。

It is recommended that alcohol be used as a solvent for cleaning after soldering. Cleaning is to go under 30°C for 3 minutes or 50°C for 30 seconds. When using other solvents, it should be confirmed beforehand whether the solvents will dissolve the package and the resin or not.

Ultrasonic cleaning is also an effective way for cleaning. But the influence of Ultrasonic cleaning on LED depends on factors such as ultrasonic power. Generally, the ultrasonic power should not be higher than 300W. Before cleaning, a pretest should be done to confirm whether any damage to LEDs will occur.

- \* **注意**: 此一般指导原则并不适用于所有 PCB 设计和焊接设备的配置。具体工艺受到诸多因素的影响, 请根据特定的 PCB 设计和焊接设备来确定焊接方案。
- \* Note: This general guideline may not apply to all PCB designs and configurations of all soldering equipment. The technics in practise is influenced by many factors, it should be specialized base on the PCB designs and configurations of the soldering equipment..



### 使用注意事项(1)

### Precautions (1)

#### 1. 贮存:

#### **Storage**

• 本产品使用密封防潮抗静电袋包装,并附有干燥剂,未开封的产品有一年的保存时间。

Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used, to keep moisture to a minimum.

• 开封前,产品须存放在温度不高于 30℃,湿度不高于 60%RH 的环境中。

Before opening the package, the product should be kept at  $30^{\circ}$ C or less and humidity less than 60% RH, and be used within a year.

• 开封后,产品须存放在温度不高于 30℃,湿度不高于 10%RH 的环境中,且应该在 168 小时(7 天) 内使 用完。建议工作环境为温度不高于 30℃,湿度不高于 60%RH。

After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH, and be soldered within 168 hours (7 days). It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH.

• 对于尚未焊接的 LED ,如果吸湿剂或包装失效,或者产品没有符合以上有效存储条件,烘焙可以起到一定的性能恢复效果。烘焙条件:  $60\pm5$  )  $\mathbb{C}$  ,持续24 小时。

If the moisture absorbent material has fade away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition:  $(60\pm5)^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours.

#### 2. 静电:

#### Static Electricity

静电和电涌会导致产品特性发生改变,例如正向电压降低等,如果情况严重甚至会损毁产品。所以在使用时必须采取有效的防静电措施。所有相关的设备和机器都应该正确接地,同时必须采取其他防止静电和电涌的措施。使用防静电手环,防静电垫子,防静电工作服、工作鞋、手套,防静电容器,都是有效的防止静电和电涌的措施。

Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs. Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristic such as the forward voltage becomes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current. even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time, it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.



### 使用注意事项(2)

Precautions (2)

#### 3. 设计建议:

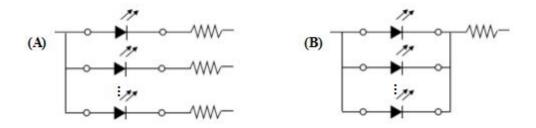
### **Design Consideration**

设计电路时,通过 LED 的电流不能超过规定的最大值,同时,还需使用保护电阻,否则,微小的电压变 化将会引起较大的电流变化,可能导致产品损毁。

建议使用以下(A) 电路,该电路能够很好的调节通过每个(A) 的电流; 不推荐使用(B) 电路,该电路 在持续的电压驱动下,(A) 的正向电压(A) 为发生变化,电流会随之而发生变化,可能使某些(A) 从是的电流值。

In designing a circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen.

It is recommended to use Circuit A which regulates the current flowing through each LED rather than Circuit B. When driving LEDs with a constant voltage in Circuit B, the current through the LEDs may vary due to the variation in Forward Voltage (V<sub>F</sub>) of the LEDs. In the worst case, some LED may be subjected to stresses in excess of the Absolute Maximum Rating.



LED 的特性容易因为自身的发热和环境的温度的改变而发生改变。温度的升高会降低 LED 的发光效率、影响发光颜色等,所以在设计时应充分考虑散热的问题。

Thermal Design is paramount importance because heat generation may result in the Characteristics decline, such as brightness decreased, Color changed and so on. Please consider the heat generation of the LEDs when making the system design.



### 使用注意事项(3)

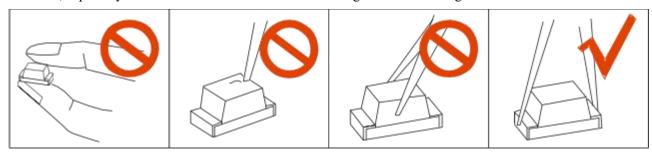
Precautions (3)

#### 4. 其他事项:

#### **Others**

直接用手拿取产品不但会污染封装树脂表面,也可能由于静电等因素导致产品性能的改变。过度的压力也可能直接影响封装内部的管芯和金线,因此请勿对产品施加过度压力,特别当产品处于高温状态下,例如在回流焊接过程中。

When handling the product, touching the encapsulant with bare hands will not only contaminate its surface, but also affect on its optical characteristics. Excessive force to the encapsulant might result in catastrophic failure of the LEDs due to die breakage or wire deformation. For this reason, please do not put excessive stress on LEDs, especially when the LEDs are heated such as during Reflow Soldering.



LED 的环氧树脂封装部分相当脆弱,请勿用坚硬、尖锐的物体刮、擦封装树脂部分。在用镊子夹取的时候也应当小心注意。

The epoxy resin of encapsulant is fragile, so please avoid scratch or friction over the epoxy resin surface. While handling the product with tweezers, do not hold by the epoxy resin, be careful.

### 5. 眼睛保护忠告:

#### Safety Advice For Human Eyes

LED 发光时,请勿直视发光光源,特别是对于一些光强较高的 LED,强光可能伤害你的眼睛。

Viewing direct to the light emitting center of the LEDs, especially those of great Luminous Intensity, will cause great hazard to human eyes. Please be careful.

规格书如有修改,不另行通知

If there are any modifications to the specification sheet, no further notice will be given